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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): **XYRA-  
TEX TECHNOLOGY LIMITED [GB/GB];** Langstone  
Road, Havant, Hampshire PO9 1SA (GB).

(72) Inventors; and

(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): **MUNCASTER,  
Timothy, John [GB/GB];** 3 Sandcroft Avenue, Ryde, Isle  
of Wight PO33 2TT (GB). **SAVILLE, William, Albert**  
[GB/GB]; April Cottage, Mill Lane, Wickham, Hampshire  
PO17 5AH (GB).

(74) Agent: **FLINT, Adam; W.H. Beck, Greener & Co., 7**  
Stone Buildings, Lincoln's Inn, London WC2A 3SZ (GB).

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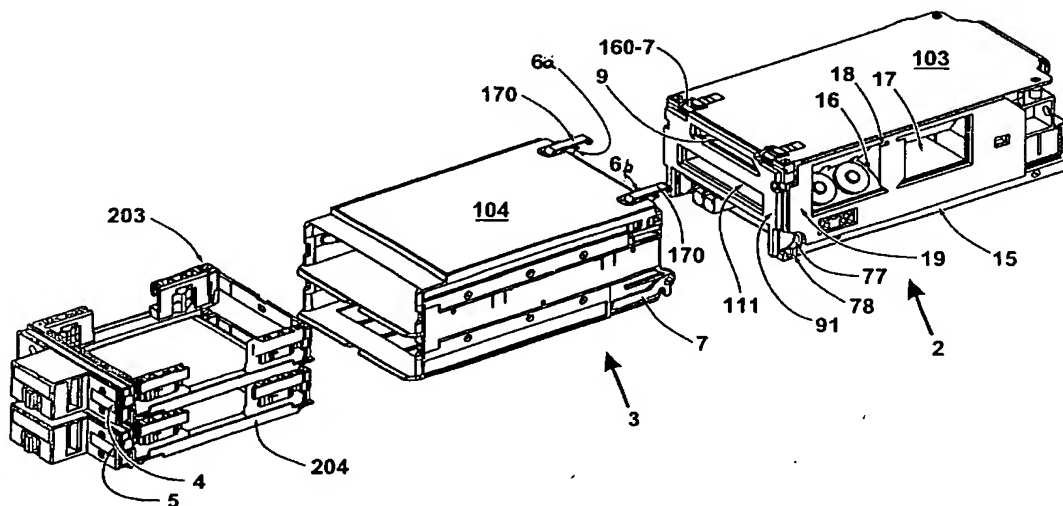
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(54) Title: **MOUNTING DEVICE FOR A DISK DRIVE UNIT, RELEASABLE FASTENER AND METHOD OF TESTING A  
DISK DRIVE UNIT**



(57) Abstract: A disk drive unit mounting device (1) is adapted to carry one or plural disk drive units (102, 202). The mounting device (1) includes a temperature control module (2) and a carrier module (3) secured together by a releasable fastener device so that the temperature control module controls the temperature of the disk drive unit (102, 202). The temperature control module has an air flow control device (105, 260) for controlling the flow of air across the disk drive unit (102, 202) appropriately according to the required temperature for the disk drive unit (102, 202). The mounting device may be used in testing disk drive units.

MOUNTING DEVICE FOR A DISK DRIVE UNIT,  
RELEASABLE FASTENER AND METHOD OF TESTING A DISK DRIVE UNIT

The present invention relates to a mounting device for  
5 a disk drive unit, to a releasable fastener and to a method  
of testing a disk drive unit.

During manufacture of disk drive units, it is  
necessary to test the disk drive units to ensure that they  
10 meet the required specification. As part of the testing  
operation, it is necessary to control the temperature of  
the disk drive units. The temperature of the disk drive  
units is varied across a wide range during testing. In  
many known testing apparatus, the temperature of plural  
15 disk drive units is controlled by using cooling or heating  
air which is common to all of the disk drive units.

In our WO-A-01/41148, the entire content of which is  
hereby incorporated by reference, there is disclosed a  
20 carrier for a disk drive unit that enables the temperature  
of the disk drive unit to be controlled during testing or  
normal operation by the use of a temperature control device  
that causes air at a required temperature to be passed over  
the disk drive unit. This arrangement allows the  
25 temperature of the disk drive unit to be controlled  
independently of the temperature of disk drive units  
mounted in other carriers in a rack containing plural such  
carriers. While this carrier is valuable, there are  
certain applications in which it has non-optimal  
30 performance. First, the structure of the carrier means  
that the carrier is dedicated to a particular type and  
model of disk drive unit, and thus the carrier cannot be  
used for disk drive units having a different connectivity

or configuration. Secondly, in the event of a fault in the carrier itself, the whole carrier must be removed for repair or replacement. Thirdly, the carrier is specifically adapted for housing only one disk drive unit at a time, which means that a test device for a number of disk drive units may be undesirably large.

According to a first aspect of the present invention, there is provided a mounting device for a disk drive unit, the mounting device comprising: a carrier module constructed and arranged to receive at least one disk drive unit, the carrier module having an air input port, the carrier module being arranged to direct air from the air input port over a disk drive unit received in the carrier module; a temperature control module comprising an air flow control device, the temperature control module having an air output port; and, a connection device for releasably fastening the carrier module to the temperature control module with the air input port of the carrier module in register with the air output port of the temperature control module, wherein the temperature control module is arranged to provide air from the air input port for controlling the temperature of a said disk drive unit received in the carrier module to be at a predetermined temperature during operation of the disk drive unit.

By providing a temperature control module, which may have a standard or fixed configuration, together with a carrier module matching that configuration, and a connection device for releasably fastening the two together, one carrier module may be readily interchanged for another. Thus carrier modules may be provided for different types of disk drive unit. A carrier module for

one type of disk drive unit may be readily removed from the temperature control module and exchanged for a carrier module for the same or another type of disk drive unit. Carrier modules configured to simultaneously house two or  
5 more disk drive units may be provided. The device is particularly useful for carrying one or more disk drive units whilst the or each disk drive unit is being tested during manufacture, though the device can also be used to carry one or more disk drive units during normal use of the  
10 disk drive units by an end user.

The air flow control device may include an air-moving device such as a fan, and/or flow control valves together with a device or devices for sensing the temperature of air  
15 in the carrier module. A heater may allow the air output from the temperature control module to be heated, and a cooler may allow that air to be cooled before inlet into the carrier module to achieve a desired air temperature in the carrier module.

20

The mounting device enables the temperature of a disk drive unit in the carrier module to be controlled to be at a predetermined temperature during operation of the disk drive unit. It will be understood that, in practice, the  
25 temperature will be controlled to be within certain limits of a predetermined temperature and the phrase "predetermined temperature" shall be construed accordingly. The mounting device can be located with other similar devices each carrying their own respective disk drive  
30 units. In that case, embodiments of the present invention in which each carrier module houses only one disk drive unit allow the temperature of individual disk drive units to be controlled independently. Other embodiments in which

two or more disk drive units are housed in a single carrier module allow the temperature of the two or more disk drive units to be controlled together. This in turn means that if for example a rack of plural such mounting devices is  
5 being used, disk drive units in the different mounting devices can be at different temperatures at the same time, which is particularly advantageous when used in a test application in that it allows for fully independent testing of the disk drive units including insertion and removal of  
10 the disk drive units into respective carriers.

The temperature control module comprises an air flow control device for causing air to flow across a disk drive unit received in the carrier. As will be discussed further  
15 below, the air can be for cooling or warming the disk drive unit and/or for keeping the temperature of the disk drive unit constant.

Preferably the carrier module has an air outlet port  
20 and the temperature control module has an air inlet port, the arrangement being such that when the connection device fastens the carrier module to the temperature control module the air outlet port of the carrier module is aligned with the air inlet port of the temperature control module.

25

By providing an air outlet port of the carrier module aligned with the air inlet port of the temperature control module, embodiments of the invention allow for air flow to occur all around a disk drive unit and under controlled  
30 conditions. It would of course be possible to exhaust air from the carrier module to the atmosphere, but this has a number of disadvantages. For example, in use the disk drive units generate heat, and where air is extracted by

the temperature control module rather than being exhausted, this heat can be employed by recirculating the air during testing to reduce the energy applied by the test device. Another example of a disadvantage of exhausting air is that  
5 the control of air flow within the carrier module would be less precise than where a positive extraction occurs.

Advantageously the temperature control module has a fan and is arranged to selectively recirculate air from the  
10 air inlet port to the air outlet port.

Recirculation allows for energy to be conserved within the mounting device, by preventing heated or cooled air from being fed into a facility containing the mounting  
15 device, and thus reduces environmental loads on that facility.

A heat exchanger may be accessible by the temperature control module for selectively receiving and cooling at  
20 least a portion of the air that has passed over a disk drive unit received in the carrier module thereby to provide chilled air, the air flow control device being selectively operable to cause air to recirculate directly across a disk drive unit received in the carrier module, or  
25 to cause at least a portion of the air that has passed over a disk drive unit received in the carrier to pass through the heat exchanger to provide chilled air and to cause said chilled air to flow across a disk drive unit received in the carrier module, or to cause a mixture of directly  
30 recirculated air and chilled air to flow across a disk drive unit received in the carrier module.

The temperature control module may be selectively operable to cause air to cause fresh air from outside the carrier to flow across a disk drive unit received in the carrier, or to cause a mixture of recirculated air and  
5 fresh air from outside the carrier to flow across a disk drive unit received in the carrier.

Typically, causing air to recirculate across a disk drive unit will cause the temperature of the disk drive  
10 unit to rise until heat loss from the carrier matches the power consumption of the disk drive unit. Fresh air will normally be at a temperature, which is lower than the temperature of the disk drive unit and thus will tend to cool the disk drive unit. Otherwise, a heat exchanger can  
15 be used to provide chilled air. The air flow means can be operated to cause a mixture of recirculated air and fresh or chilled air to flow across the disk drive unit, allowing for intermediate temperatures to be obtained and maintained.

20

The temperature control module may comprise a selectively operable heater in the air flow path to a disk drive unit received in the carrier module for selectively heating air prior to said air flowing across a disk drive  
25 unit received in the carrier module. This allows the temperature of the disk drive unit to be raised or to be raised more quickly than otherwise.

Preferably the connection device comprises a manually  
30 releasable hinge pivotally connecting the carrier module and the temperature control module along one edge thereof, and a lever latch for securing the carrier module to the

temperature control module along an edge opposite the said one edge.

Although other types of manual connect/release  
5 connectors are possible, a manual release hinge allows the carrier and temperature control modules to be connected together and separated without the need for tools. The hinge function allows embodiments to be created in which faces of the modules are not in contact at the time of such  
10 connection and separation. The modules can then be mutually pivoted until the faces come into contact, which facilitates connections to be made between them. The use of a lever latch enables embodiments to be created in which the modules are only capable of being locked together when  
15 in correct alignment. The tension of the closed lever latch provides resilience, which urges the faces of the modules together. The use of a lever latch also provides a mechanical advantage for drawing together the modules during assembly, and particularly for drawing the  
20 electrical connectors of the device into cooperative engagement.

In disassembling the modules, it is an advantage to provide a controlled force to disengage the electrical  
25 connectors, if possible damage is to be avoided. In the preferred embodiment, the lever latch further provides this controlled disengaging force.

Preferably, the manually releasable hinge has a pin  
30 portion, a receptacle portion and a hook member, the pin portion being secured to and supported substantially parallel to and spaced from a wall of one of said the carrier module and temperature control module, the



receptacle portion being formed on the other of the carrier module and the temperature control module, the receptacle portion being constructed and arranged to engage said pin portion, the receptacle portion having a curved wall for  
5 abutment by the pin portion and the receptacle formation defining an opening such that the pin portion may be brought into engagement with the curved wall of the receptacle portion via the opening, and the hook member being constructed and arranged to engage the carrier module  
10 and the temperature control module to retain the pin portion in engagement with the curved wall of the receptacle portion.

The particular structure allows a hinge to be made  
15 which provides accurate self-alignment of the two modules, and which thus facilitates connection of the carrier module to the temperature control module.

Preferably, the carrier module is constructed and  
20 arranged to simultaneously receive plural disk drive units

The ability to use the carrier module simultaneously for two or more disk drive units allows more disk drive units to be accommodated within a certain volume. As two  
25 or more disk drive units are subjected to the same conditions in embodiments of the invention using such carrier modules, this enables the performance of disk drive units to be compared with one another.

30 Advantageously the mounting device has air flow passages for dividing air flow from the output port of the temperature control module for application to each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module.

Advantageously again the mounting device has air flow passages for combining the air flow from each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module to provide  
5 said outlet from the carrier module.

Preferably the passages are arranged to divide the air flow such that it flows in the same direction around each disk drive unit.

10

Embodiments of the invention that have such passages allow for precisely the same temperature conditions to be applied to each disk drive.

15

Preferably the mounting device has a baffle that provides said air flow passages, the baffle having a first side having at least one opening for receiving an incoming air flow from the temperature control module, and a second side having plural openings for supplying air to each of  
20 plural disk drive units received in the carrier module, the baffle having a deflection structure constructed and arranged to divide the incoming air flow between said plural disk drive units.

25

Preferably again, the second side of the baffle has plural further openings for receiving air from the disk drive units and the first side of the baffle has at least one opening for passing said air from the disk drive units to a temperature control module.

30

Advantageously, at said second side of said baffle, said openings and said further openings are interleaved,

whereby each of the plural disk drive units has a similar flow of air.

Advantageously the temperature control module has an  
5 electrical connection device, the carrier module has a  
first electrical connector for engaging a disk drive unit  
received in the carrier module, and the carrier module has  
a second electrical connector arranged to engage the  
electrical connection device of the temperature control  
10 module when the temperature control module and the carrier  
module are fastened together.

In embodiments where plural disk drive units may be  
simultaneously received in the carrier module, preferably  
15 the temperature control module has an electrical connection  
device, and the carrier module has plural first electrical  
connectors for engaging respective disk drive units  
received in the carrier module and a second electrical  
connector arranged to engage the electrical connection  
20 device of the temperature control module when the  
temperature control module and the carrier module are  
fastened together.

Where different types of carrier modules are provided,  
25 each for a different type of disk drive unit, and each  
different type of disk drive unit has a differently  
configured or located electrical connection device,  
preferably the temperature control module has an electrical  
connection device, each type of carrier module has a  
30 respective first electrical connector and disposed and  
configured to engage each disk drive unit of a respective  
type received in the carrier module, and a second  
electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical

connection device of the temperature control module when the temperature control module and any of said types of carrier module are secured together.

5        Each of the apparatus described above may comprise a controller for independent control of the temperature control modules associated with the disk drive unit carrier modules.

10        According to a second aspect of the present invention, there is provided a releasable fastener for fastening together first and second members, the fastener comprising a pin portion for mounting on a first member, a receptacle portion for mounting on a second member and a hook member  
15        for engagement with a said first and second member, the receptacle portion being constructed and arranged to engage said pin portion, the receptacle portion having a concave curved wall and defining an opening such that the pin  
20        portion may be brought into engagement with the curved wall of the receptacle formation via the opening, and the hook member being constructed and arranged to retain the pin portion engaged with the curved wall of the receptacle portion.

25        Preferably, the arrangement is such that the hook member is under tension when engaged with a said first and second member.

30        According to a third aspect of the present invention, there is provided a method of testing a disk drive unit in a test device comprising a temperature control module and a carrier module constructed and arranged to support said disk drive unit, wherein the carrier module has an air

input port and is arranged to direct air from the air input port over a said disk drive unit received in the carrier module and the temperature control module comprises an air flow control device and has an air output port, the method  
5 comprising: releasably fastening the carrier module to the temperature control module, such that the air input port of the carrier module is in register with the air output port of the temperature control module; disposing said disk drive unit in said carrier module; and, causing the  
10 temperature control module to provide air from said air output port to said air input port to control the temperature of said disk drive unit disposed in the carrier module to be at a predetermined temperature during operation of the disk drive unit.

15

The method may comprise the step of controlling the flow of air across the disk drive unit to cause air to recirculate directly across the disk drive unit, or to cause chilled air obtained by passing at least a portion of  
20 the air that has passed over the disk drive unit through a heat exchanger to flow across the disk drive unit, or to cause a mixture of directly recirculating air and chilled air to flow across the disk drive unit.

25 The method may comprise the step of, independently for each disk drive unit, controlling the flow of air across the disk drive unit to cause air to recirculate across the disk drive unit, or to cause fresh air to flow across the disk drive unit, or to cause a mixture of recirculated air  
30 and fresh air to flow across the disk drive unit.

In an advantageous embodiment, the temperature control module and the carrier module each have a respective part

of an manual release hinge and the step of releasably fastening comprises engaging the two parts of a said hinge, mutually pivotally moving the carrier module and the temperature control module until they abut one another and  
5 securing the carrier module to the temperature control module via a lever latch.

In a preferred embodiment, the carrier module has locations constructed and arranged to simultaneously  
10 receive plural disk drive units, and the disposing step comprises disposing at least two disk drive units in respective ones of said locations.

Advantageously the method comprises dividing air flow  
15 from the outlet of the temperature control module and applying a part of said divided air flow to each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module, and combining the air flow from each of the disk drive units to provide said outlet from the carrier module.

20

Preferably the dividing step comprises dividing the air flow such that it flows in the same direction around each disk drive unit.

25 In a preferred embodiment, the method comprises providing plural types of carrier module, each type of module being suitable for a respective one of plural different types of disk drive unit.

30 In some embodiments the temperature control module has an electrical connection device, the carrier module has a first electrical connector secured thereto for engaging a disk drive unit received in the carrier module, and a

second electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical connection device of the temperature control module when the temperature control module and the carrier module are secured together, and said step of disposing  
5 comprises connecting the electrical connection device of the disk drive unit to said first electrical connector.

In preferred embodiments each of said different types of disk drive unit has an electrical connection device  
10 which is at least one of differently disposed or differently configured to electrical connection devices of others of said types of disk drive units, the temperature control module has an electrical connection device, each type of carrier module has a respective first electrical  
15 connector secured thereto for engaging the electrical connection device of the corresponding type of disk drive unit received in the carrier module, and a second electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical connection device of the temperature control module when  
20 the temperature control module and the carrier module are secured together, and said step of disposing comprises connecting the electrical connection device of the disk drive unit to said first electrical connector.

25 Embodiments of the present invention will now be described by way of example with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:

Figure 1 is an exploded perspective view of an example  
30 of a mounting device for a disk drive unit in accordance with one aspect of the present invention;

Figure 2 is a perspective view of a part of the device of Figure 1, with parts removed for clarity;

Figure 3 is a perspective view of the temperature  
5 control module of the device of Figure 1 with covers and parts removed for clarity;

Figure 4 is a view similar to that of Figure 3 showing the connection of a heat exchanger for cooling purposes;

10

Figure 5 is a rear perspective view of the carrier module of the device of Figure 1;

Figure 6 is a perspective view of an example of an  
15 interface unit of the device of Figure 1 shown from one side, being the side abutting the temperature control module;

Figure 7 is a perspective view of the interface unit  
20 of Figure 6 shown from the other side, being the side for receiving the disk drive units;

Figure 8 is a cut-away view of the interface unit of Figure 7 showing the air flow passages;

25

Figure 9a shows the air flow from the interface unit from the temperature control module side;

Figure 9b shows the air flow from the interface unit  
30 from the carrier module side;



Figure 10 is a partial view of the temperature control module of Figure 1 showing the pin portion of a manual release hinge;

5        Figure 11 is a partial view of the carrier module of Figure 1 showing the receptacle portion of the manual release hinge;

10        Figure 12 is a partial view of the temperature control module of Figure 1 showing the tension strap portion of the manual release hinge; and,

15        Figure 13 is a partial view of the temperature control module and carrier module of Figure 1 showing an assembled manual release hinge.

Referring to Figure 1, a mounting device 1 for a disk drive unit has a first module 2 secured to a second module 3, the two modules 2,3 being secured end-to-end. The  
20 modules 2,3 are each of box-like construction and generally of rectangular section. The first module is a temperature control module 2 and the second is a carrier module 3 for, in this example, two disk drive units 102,202 (see Figure 2) carried in disk drive unit supports 203,204. The  
25 carrier module 3 has an air input port 130 (see Figure 5) in the end that engages the temperature control module 2, and includes walls 138-145 (see Figure 8) forming a baffle defining air flow passages for directing air from the input port 130 over the disk drive units 102,202 disposed within  
30 the carrier module. The temperature control module 2 includes an air control device, including in this example a centrifugal fan 105 (see Figure 3) and mode controller 260 (see Figure 3), and has an air output port 9. The air

output port 9 is in the rectangular end wall 90 that abuts the carrier module 3. The carrier module also has a generally rectangular end wall 28, best seen in Figure 5, the arrangement being that the end walls 28,90 sealingly  
5 abut one another when the modules 2,3 are secured together.

Referring to Figure 1, the temperature control module 2 also has an air inlet port 111. The carrier module 3 has an air outlet port 131a-131c (see Figure 5), the inlet 111  
10 and outlet 131a-131c ports being aligned when the modules are secured together.

A connection device secures the modules together in a releasable fashion, so that the air input port 130 is  
15 aligned with the air output port 9. The connection device of this embodiment includes a pair of manual release hinges 6a, 6b, a pair of tension straps 170 and a pair of lever latches 7. It is desirable to have fastenings that enable rapid connection and disconnection of the two modules 2,3,  
20 preferably without the need for tools, and the connection device of this embodiment allows these desiderata to be met.

The temperature control module 2 has a top wall 103  
25 which has forms receptacle portions 16-7 of the manual release hinges 6a, 6b (see Figure 11). The temperature control module 2 also has opposing side walls 15 that at their lower front portions define engagement points 77,78 for the lever latches 7. At the end portions of the side  
30 walls 15 of the temperature control module 2, and above the engagement points 77, 78, the walls 15 have a corrugated portion 19 to enable a reduced thickness of material to be used.

The carrier module 3 has a top wall 104, which at its rear has pin portions 150-2 (see Figure 10) of the manually released hinges 6a, 6b, as counterpart formations to the receptacle parts in the top wall 103 of the temperature control module 2. The top wall 104 of the carrier module 3 is engaged by one end of the tension straps 170 which allow linkage of the carrier and temperature control modules 2,3. The manually released hinges 6a, 6b enable releasable fastening of the temperature control module 2 to the carrier module 3, final securing of the two being via the lever latches 7 at the lower parts of the sides of the two modules 2,3. The final securing is under tension of the tension straps, which thereby prevents vibrations to be prevented.

It would of course be possible to provide instead other connection devices, for example aligning pins projecting from one of the modules and mating holes or recesses in the other, and a clip or latch for maintaining the desired sealing connection.

As will be further described later herein, the temperature control module 2 controls the temperature of the disk drive units 102,202 to be at a predetermined temperature during operation of the disk drive units 102,202. Operation of the disk drive unit 102, 202 includes operation during testing of the disk drive units 102, 202.

30

As will also be seen in Figure 5, an interface unit 8 forming the rear wall of the carrier module 3 is provided at the rear of the carrier module 3. The interface unit 8

allows for electrical connection between the temperature control module 2 and the disk drive units 102,202. The interface unit 8 also has the walls 138-145 that define the air passages for conducting air between the temperature control module 2 and the surfaces of the disk drive units 102,202, as will be later described herein.

The carrier module 3 has mechanical latches 4,5 at the front which can be released to allow two disk drive units 102,202 to be inserted into or removed from the carrier module 3. The disk drive units 102,202 will typically be a complete unit having one or more rotatable magnetic disks on which data can be stored, one or more read/write heads mounted on one or more read/write arms, at least one motor for moving the arm or arms, and appropriate internal electrical connections. In the described embodiment used for testing, the mechanical latches 4,5 are operable by a mechanical handling device for loading disk drive units 102,202 for testing and unloading disk drive units 102,202 when tested.

The location of the disk drive units 102, 202 in the carrier module 3 is best seen in Figure 2.

The disk drive units 102,202 are disposed one above the other, and are engaged both mechanically and electrically with the interface unit 8 with openings of the interface unit providing air flow over the disk drive units 102,202. In this embodiment, air flow is in the same sense around each of the two disk drive units 102,202. To that end the interface unit has an upper edge 108 over which air flows to the upper side 109 of the upper disk drive unit 102 and a lower recessed edge 120 for return of air from

the lower surface 210 of the lower disk drive unit 202. There are also three central slots 121-3, of which one 121 forms a return for air from the lower surface 110 of the upper disk drive unit 102. The other two slots 122,123 are  
5 disposed side by side and below the first slot 121 to provide flow over the upper surface 209 of the lower disk drive unit 202.

Referring to Figure 3, the temperature control module  
10 2 is, as has previously been described, a generally box-like structure with a rectangular section, and has a generally rectangular end wall 90. The wall 90 defines a generally central slot-like air inlet 111 from the interface unit 8 of an attached carrier module 3, and in  
15 combination with the top wall 103, defines an air outlet 9 to such an interface unit 8. Below the slot-like air intake 111 is a recess 91, which houses electrical connectors 113. The electrical connectors 113 are sockets and serve to carry signals from a base unit (not shown) to  
20 which the rear face of the temperature control module 2 is mounted, and disk drive units 102,202 mounted to a carrier module 3 connected to the temperature control module 3. The base unit may include a support framework for several temperature control modules, together with cooling devices,  
25 power supplies and test computers. Internally, the temperature control module 2 has an air flow control device that includes a centrifugal fan 105 that rotates about a vertical axis in the orientation shown in the drawings. It would alternatively be possible to use other types of fan,  
30 such as an axial fan or indeed a compressor. In the present embodiment, the air flow control device also includes a mode controller 260 which routes the air flow differently according to the test conditions required. The

mode controller here allows for air to be simply recirculated with no added or removed heat, to be recirculated with added heat or to be cooled by diversion through a cooling device, in the manner described in our  
5 patent application WO-A-01/41148. In the present embodiment, the mode controller is a baffle 260 in the form of an upstanding semi-circular wall which can be pivoted about a vertical axis by a motor 268, also as described in our co-pending patent application WO-A-01/41148. However,  
10 other devices such as blend doors, or valves could be used instead.

Although not shown, the temperature control module 2 of the currently described embodiment, in which the  
15 mounting device is used to test disk drive units 102,202, includes a processing device operated as an embedded processor to run programs that provide testing routines and regimes for disk drive units 102,202 in the associated carrier module 3. This arrangement enables communication  
20 between a main processor and the individual disk drive units 102,202 to be much less than would be needed if the main processor were directly controlling the disk drive units 102,202.

25 The centrifugal fan 105 is contained within a generally circular housing 10 which directs the air flow exiting the fan 105 towards an air output port 9 of the temperature control module 3. The air inlet 111 is to the inlet side of the fan 105, at the centre of its lower side  
30 and the fan 105 has a generally tangential air outlet 12 at its upper side and directed towards the air output port 9. A heater coil 112 is disposed across the fan outlet; the function of this will be later described herein.

Two portions of a side wall 15 of the temperature control module 2 are absent towards the rear of the temperature control module 2 to provide two adjacent  
5 openings 16, 17 in the side wall 15 at a position near the fan 105. The side wall 15 has a short wall portion 18 between the openings 16, 17 that is directed generally inwardly of the carrier 1 towards the fan 105.

10 As schematically shown in Figure 4, the heat exchanger 18 is fixed to the temperature control module 2 over the openings 16, 17 in the side wall 15 so that air exiting the temperature control module 2 through the front opening 16 passes through the heat exchanger 18, where the air is  
15 cooled, and back into the temperature control module 2 via the rear opening 17.

Referring to Figure 5, the carrier module 3 has the interface unit 8 at its rear, the interface unit 8 together  
20 with the upper wall 104 defining a slot-shaped opening 130 into the interface unit 8 for air from an associated temperature control module 3. Three generally rectangular apertures 131a-131c forming an air outlet are disposed across the centre line of the rear wall of the interface  
25 unit 8 so as to line up with the slot 111 of a temperature control module, which it will be recalled extracts air. The apertures 131a-131c comprise a central aperture 131a, which as will be described later herein conducts air which has passed over the top disk drive unit 102, and two side  
30 apertures 131b, 131c, which as will be later described herein conduct air that has passed over the lower disk drive unit 202. The central aperture 131a is disposed on and about a vertical axis of symmetry of the carrier module

3, and the side apertures 131b, 131c are disposed at the same level as the central aperture 131a, but to each side of it.

5       As best seen in Figures 1,2 and 5, each lever latch 7 has a lever member 71 pivotally secured via a pivot 72 to the lower rear edge of the carrier module 3. The lever member 71 can rotate freely on its pivot 72. The lever member has an elongate straight portion 73 which extends at  
10 one end into a curved portion 75 that contains a hole 106 for cooperation with the pivot 72 into a nose portion 74. The nose portion 74 is disposed in the plane of the straight portion 73 but transverse to the extent of the straight portion 73. The straight portion 73 is eccentric  
15 of the pivot 72. The straight portion 73 extends from the pivot 72 by about five times the extent of the nose portion 74, to give a mechanical advantage in use. The lever member 71 cooperates with a socket 76 on the lower front edge of the temperature control module 2. The socket 76 has a  
20 curved wall 77 extending to a downward-facing notch 78 for receiving the nose portion 74.

Referring now to Figure 6, the interface unit 8 is an assembly of first and second printed circuit boards 28, 29  
25 spaced apart by a structure 138 which has the walls 138-145 that define air passages through the interface unit. Releasable electrical connection between the first and second printed circuit boards 28, 29 is made via a plug and socket arrangement 30 disposed between corresponding edges  
30 of the boards 28, 29. The plug device 31 projects from the second circuit board 29 and the plug device 32 is secured to the first printed circuit board 28. Where it is desirable to operate or test different types of disk drive



unit each requiring a different type of second printed circuit board, the use of the plug and socket arrangement 30 enables easy interchange between the different types of second printed circuit board, providing each type is fitted with compatible plug devices 32. The first printed circuit 28 defines the apertures 131a-131c and part of the slot 130, and also has electrical connection devices 132 to allow electrical signals to be conveyed to and from disk drive units engaged with the second printed circuit board 29. The connection devices 132 in the described embodiment are plug-type devices that connect to the counterpart sockets 113 of the temperature control module 3.

Referring to Figure 7, the front face of the second printed circuit board 29 defines the openings 108, 120-3 described previously herein with respect to Figure 2. The second printed circuit board 29 also has two electrical sockets 134, 135, one above the other, for electrical connection of the disk drive units 102,202. First 136 and second 137 pairs of support pins are disposed approximately level with the sockets 134, 135 for supporting the disk drive units.

Referring now to Figure 8, the structural member 138 consists of a generally rectangular frame having two opposing short side walls 140,141 and two opposing long cross walls 142,143. The top cross wall 142 is slightly inset from the top of the side walls 140,141, so as to form the first air delivery passage 108. It has a leading knife-edge 146 for splitting incoming air into two parts, one directed upwardly and one downwardly. A bridge piece 144 crosses the frame about one-third of the way down the side walls 140,141. The bridge piece 144 divides the frame

into two parts, an upper part through which air has flows forwardly into the paper as shown, and a lower part through which air flows out of the paper as shown. The upper part has a V shaped deflecting wall 145 to direct the part of  
5 the air deflected downwardly by the knife edge 146 once again downwardly and out of the second and third slots 122,123. The wall of the bridge piece 144 is shaped so as evenly to distribute this air across the slots 122, 123.

10 The bridge piece 144 has a central passage 147 that directly connects the slot 120 with the centre aperture 131a. The bridge portion 144 also defines between itself and the lower cross wall 143 a chamber 149 which opens through the first printed circuit board 28 as outer  
15 apertures 131b, 131c and, through the second printed circuit board, as the slot 121. The shape of the bridge portion 144 and of the various apertures and walls is determined to give even flows across two identical disk drive units.

20

The flows are more clearly seen in Figure 9a and 9b. In these figures, flow to the upper disk drive unit is referenced 150, and that to the lower disk drive unit 151. The return flow from the upper disk drive unit is  
25 referenced 152, and from the lower disk drive unit 153. Referring again to Figure 2 shows the flows with the two disk drive units 102,202 in place.

Typically, different types of disk drive unit will  
30 require one or both of different electrical sockets 134,135 and different air flow passages. This can be achieved by either changing the second printed circuit board alone, or

by also changing the structural member 138 and the associated baffle.

Turning now to Figure 10, as has previously been  
5 mentioned, the top wall 104 of the carrier module 3 is generally planar, and has formations which form the pin portions 150-2 of manually released hinges 6a, 6b. Two side wall portions 150,151 stand up from the top wall 104 and project out from the edge of the top wall 104 to define  
10 a channel therebetween. The channel has a base wall 152 between the side wall portions 150,151 which rises from the top wall 104 and has a distal portion which is parallel to and raised from the top wall 104. The distal end of the base wall 152 extends into a pin portion 153, whose wall  
15 follows a circular-cylindrical contour. The pin portion 153 has a longitudinal axis at least substantially parallel to the plane of the top wall 104, and raised with respect to that plane. The distal ends of the side wall portions 150,151 extend via waist regions 154 into the pin portion  
20 153, whose axial length is substantially the spacing between the side walls 150,151. The waist regions 154 are thinner than the base wall thickness and thus the pin wall extends angularly further around the pin portion 153 in the end regions of the pin portion 153 than in the central  
25 region. At the proximal end of the base wall 152, there is a slot 155 in the top wall 104 to allow insertion of the tension strap 170.

Referring now to Figure 11, the receptacle portions  
30 160-7 of the manually releasable hinges will now be described. The edge region 163 of the top wall 103 of the temperature control module 2 has walls 160,161 that stand perpendicularly up from the plane of the wall 103. The

walls 160,161 are in positions along the temperature control module 2 which correspond to the position of the walls 150,151 of the pin portion 153 on the carrier module 3, and are spaced by substantially the same amount as the  
5 spacing of the walls 150,151. The top wall 103 forms a recess 164 in the edge. The recess 164 has a width for receiving the pin portion 153, and a surface 165 which has a first convex curved portion 166 extending into a circular concave portion 167. The convex curved portion is for  
10 leading a pin portion 153 into engagement with the circular concave portion 167 and extends from a start point at around half the thickness of the wall 103 to an end point inset further from the edge and below the top surface of the top wall 103 by around one third the wall thickness.  
15 The circular concave portion 167 extends from the end point by substantially 180 degrees to the surface of the top wall 103, so as to provide a pivot for the pin portion 153. The walls 160, 161 extend somewhat over the sides of the circular concave portion 167 at the level of the surface of  
20 the wall 104 to define housing notches which serve to prevent the pin portion from disengaging from the circular concave portion 167.

Inset from the edge 163 and beyond the walls 160, 161  
25 an aperture 168 is formed in the top wall 103 for receiving the end of a tension strap 170.

Figure 12 shows a tension strap 170 engaged in the slot 155 of the top wall 104 of the carrier module 3. The  
30 tension strap 170 is of plastics material, and consists of a thin straight bar portion 171 extending at a first end into a first hook portion 172 which engages in the slot 155. The other end of the bar portion of the tension strap

extends into a second hook portion 173, which is more sharply radiussed than the first hook portion 172. The second hook portion 173 comes into a gripping engagement with the edge of the aperture 168 during rotation of the carrier module 3 as will be further described below. The strap 170 has a width for passing between the upstanding walls 150, 151 of the carrier module 3 and the walls 160, 161 of the temperature control module 3.

10 In the embodiment, the length of the pin portion 153 is such as to provide a sliding fit between the sides of the recess 164 and the tension strap width is such as to provide a sliding fit between the walls 150, 151 and 160, 161. This ensures that the carrier module 3 and  
15 temperature control module 2 are self-aligned.

To assemble the temperature control and carrier modules 2, 3 the temperature control module 2 is supported substantially vertically with the air output port 9 and air  
20 inlet port 111 facing up and the receptacle portions 160-167 of the manually-releasable hinges 6a, 6b towards the operator. The carrier module 3 is lowered more or less in line with the axis of the temperature control module 2 until the pin portions 150-4 of the manually-releasable  
25 hinges 6a, 6b engage with the hinge receptacle portions 160-7.

The carrier module 3 is then pivoted towards the operator until the tension straps 170 engage their slots  
30 168. Next the carrier module 3 is rotated away from the operator until the latch lever members 71 are disposed with the noses 74 engaging in the notches 78. At this point the operator turns the latch lever members about their pivots

72 to pull the two modules 2,3 together. Once this is done the straight parts 73 of the levers are disposed within the envelope of the carrier module 3. The assembly of the two modules 2,3 is then secured to a base unit and extends  
5 substantially horizontally.

Figure 13 shows the hinge and tension straps in the connected state. During this assembly process, the electrical connections between plugs 132 and sockets 113  
10 are made, and due to the method of connection, substantially no side forces are exerted on the plugs or sockets. Once the assembly is completed, the air inlet 111 and outlet 9 of the temperature control module 2 and the apertures 131a-131c and slot 130 of the carrier module 3  
15 are aligned in register with one another. The wall around the inlet and outlet of the temperature control module 2 and the wall around the apertures 131a-131c and slot 130 of the carrier module 3 are urged together by the action of the tension straps 170 and the lever latches 7 to prevent  
20 leakage of air. The connection between the two modules 2,3 is easily made and released, but once in the fastened state, the modules are secured together with a high degree of rigidity.

25 To mutually separate the two modules 2,3, the assembly is removed from the base unit and the operator then rotates the straight parts 73 of the lever latches, counterclockwise as seen in Figure 1. The straight parts 73 move out of the envelope of the carrier module 3, and noses  
30 74 are urged against the rear wall of the notches 78, to separate the two modules. This technique allows a controlled separation force to be exerted between the two modules while the hinge connection remains made.

In operation of the support device for testing, the disk drive units are typically operated with a range of different voltage levels, and at a range of different temperatures while monitoring drive performance. For some tests, the dissipation of the drive unit or units provides the heat needed, and for these tests the air flow is simply recirculated. Where higher temperatures are needed, the air at the output of the temperature control module 2 is heated by activating the heater coil 112. Where it is desired to operate at sub-ambient temperatures or temperatures below that achieved by direct recirculation, the air is fed through the cooling heat exchanger 18.

In the described embodiment, the embedded processor provides power supply conditioning to yield the different voltage levels, and provides control of the temperature regimes while monitoring performance. To do this, program data are loaded in from a main processor, and the embedded processor then needs to report only faults and exceptions.

Once a test run is completed on disk drive units 102,202 an automatic handler extracts the disk drive units 102,202 from the carrier module 3 and loads new drive units 102,202 for testing.

Embodiments of the present invention have been described with particular reference to the examples illustrated. However, it will be appreciated that variations and modifications may be made to the examples described within the scope of the present invention.

CLAIMS

1. A mounting device for a disk drive unit, the mounting device comprising:

5 a carrier module constructed and arranged to receive at least one disk drive unit, the carrier module having an air input port, the carrier module being arranged to direct air from the air input port over a disk drive unit received in the carrier module;

10 a temperature control module comprising an air flow control device, the temperature control module having an air output port; and,

a connection device for releasably fastening the carrier module to the temperature control module with the  
15 air input port of the carrier module in register with the air output port of the temperature control module,

wherein the temperature control module is arranged to provide air to said air input port for controlling the temperature of a said disk drive unit received in the  
20 carrier module to be at a predetermined temperature during operation of the disk drive unit.

2. A mounting device according to Claim 1, wherein the carrier module has an air outlet port and the temperature  
25 control module has an air inlet port, the arrangement being such that when the connection device fastens the carrier module to the temperature control module the air outlet port of the carrier module is in register width with the air inlet port of the temperature control module.

30

3. A mounting device according to Claim 2, wherein the temperature control module has a fan and is arranged to recirculate air from the air outlet port of the carrier



module to the air output port of the temperature control module.

4. A mounting device according to any preceding claim,  
5 wherein the connection device comprises a manually releasable hinge pivotally connecting the carrier module and the temperature control module along one edge of the carrier module and the temperature control module and a lever latch for securing the carrier module to the  
10 temperature control module along an edge of the carrier module and temperature control module opposite the said one edge.

5. A mounting device according to Claim 4, wherein the  
15 manually releasable hinge has a pin portion, a receptacle portion and a hook member, the pin portion being secured to and supported substantially parallel to and spaced from a wall of one of said the carrier module and temperature control module, the receptacle portion being formed on the  
20 other of the carrier module and the temperature control module, the receptacle portion being constructed and arranged to engage said pin portion, the receptacle portion having a curved wall for abutment by the pin portion and the receptacle formation defining an opening such that the  
25 pin portion may be brought into engagement with the curved wall of the receptacle portion via the opening, and the hook member being constructed and arranged to engage the carrier module and the temperature control module to retain the pin portion in engagement with the curved wall of the  
30 receptacle portion.

6. A mounting device according to any preceding claim, wherein the carrier module is constructed and arranged to simultaneously receive plural disk drive units.

5 7. A mounting device according to Claim 6, comprising air flow passages arranged to divide air flow from the output port of the temperature control module for application to each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module.

10 .

8. A mounting device according to Claim 6 or 7, having air flow passages arranged to combine the air flow from each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module to provide a single air flow from the carrier

15 module.

9. A mounting device according to Claim 7, wherein the passages are arranged to divide the air flow such that air flows in the same direction around each disk drive unit.

20

10. A mounting device according to any of Claims 7 to 9, comprising a baffle that provides said air flow passages, the baffle having a first side having at least one opening for receiving an incoming air flow from the temperature control module, and a second side having plural openings for supplying air to each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module, the baffle having a deflection structure constructed and arranged to divide the incoming air flow between said plural disk drive units.

30

11. A mounting device according to Claim 10, wherein the second side of the baffle has plural further openings for receiving air from that has flowed over plural disk drive

units received in the carrier module, and the first side of the baffle has at least one opening for passing said air to the temperature control module.

5 12. A mounting device for disk drive units according to Claim 11, wherein at said second side of said baffle, said openings and said further openings are interleaved, whereby each of the plural disk drive units has a similar flow of air.

10

13. A mounting device for disk drive units according to any of Claims 1-5, wherein the temperature control module has an electrical connection device, the carrier module has a first electrical connector for engaging a disk drive unit  
15 received in the carrier module, and the carrier module has a second electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical connection device of the temperature control module when the temperature control module and the carrier module are fastened together.

20

14. A mounting device for disk drive units according to any of Claims 1-12, wherein the temperature control module has an electrical connection device, and the carrier module has plural first electrical connectors for engaging  
25 respective disk drive units received in the carrier module and a second electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical connection device of the temperature control module when the temperature control module and the carrier module are fastened together.

30

15. A releasable fastener for fastening together first and second members, the fastener comprising a pin portion for mounting on a first member, a receptacle portion for

mounting on a second member and a hook member for engagement with a said first and second member, the receptacle portion being constructed and arranged to engage said pin portion, the receptacle portion having a concave  
5 curved wall and defining an opening such that the pin portion may be brought into engagement with the curved wall of the receptacle formation via the opening, and the hook member being constructed and arranged to retain the pin portion engaged with the curved wall of the receptacle  
10 portion.

16. A releasable fastener according to Claim 15, wherein the arrangement is such that the hook member is under tension when engaged with a said first and second member.  
15

17. A method of testing a disk drive unit in a test device comprising a temperature control module and a carrier module constructed and arranged to support said disk drive unit, wherein the carrier module has an air input port and  
20 is arranged to direct air from the air input port over a said disk drive unit received in the carrier module and the temperature control module comprises an air flow control device and has an air output port, the method comprising:

releasably fastening the carrier module to the  
25 temperature control module, such that the air input port of the carrier module is in register with the air output port of the temperature control module;

disposing said disk drive unit in said carrier module; and,

30 causing the temperature control module to provide air to said air input port to control the temperature of said disk drive unit disposed in the carrier module to be at a

predetermined temperature during operation of the disk drive unit.

18. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to  
5 Claim 17, comprising the step of controlling the flow of air across the disk drive unit to cause air to recirculate directly across the disk drive unit, or to cause chilled air obtained by passing at least a portion of the air that  
10 has passed over the disk drive unit through a heat exchanger to flow across the disk drive unit, or to cause a mixture of directly recirculating air and chilled air to flow across the disk drive unit.

19. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to  
15 Claim 17 or 18, wherein the temperature control module and the carrier module each have a respective part of a manual release hinge and the step of releasably fastening comprises engaging the two parts of the hinge, mutually pivotally moving the carrier module and the temperature  
20 control module until they abut one another and securing the carrier module to the temperature control module via a lever latch.

20. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to any  
25 of Claims 17 to 19, wherein the carrier module has locations constructed and arranged to simultaneously receive plural disk drive units, and the disposing step comprises disposing at least two disk drive units in respective ones of said locations.

30

21. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to any of Claims 17 to 20, comprising dividing air flow from the outlet of the temperature control module and applying a

part of said divided air flow to each of plural disk drive units received in the carrier module, and combining the air flow from each of the disk drive units to provide said outlet from the carrier module.

5

22. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to Claim 21, wherein the dividing step comprises dividing the air flow such that it flows in the same direction around each disk drive unit.

10

23. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to any of Claims 17 to 22, comprising providing plural types of carrier module, each type of module being suitable for a respective one of plural different types of disk drive

15 unit.

24. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to any of Claims 17 to 23, wherein the temperature control module has an electrical connection device, the carrier module has a first electrical connector secured thereto for engaging a disk drive unit received in the carrier module, and a second electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical connection device of the temperature control module when the temperature control module and the carrier module are secured together, and said step of disposing comprises connecting the electrical connection device of the disk drive unit to said first electrical connector.

25. A method of testing a disk drive unit according to Claim 24, wherein each of said different types of disk drive unit has an electrical connection device which is at least one of differently disposed or differently configured to electrical connection devices of others of said types of

30

disk drive units, the temperature control module has an electrical connection device, each type of carrier module has a respective first electrical connector secured thereto for engaging the electrical connection device of the

5 corresponding type of disk drive unit received in the carrier module, and a second electrical connector arranged to engage the electrical connection device of the temperature control module when the temperature control module and the carrier module are secured together, and

10 said step of disposing comprises connecting the electrical connection device of the disk drive unit to said first electrical connector.

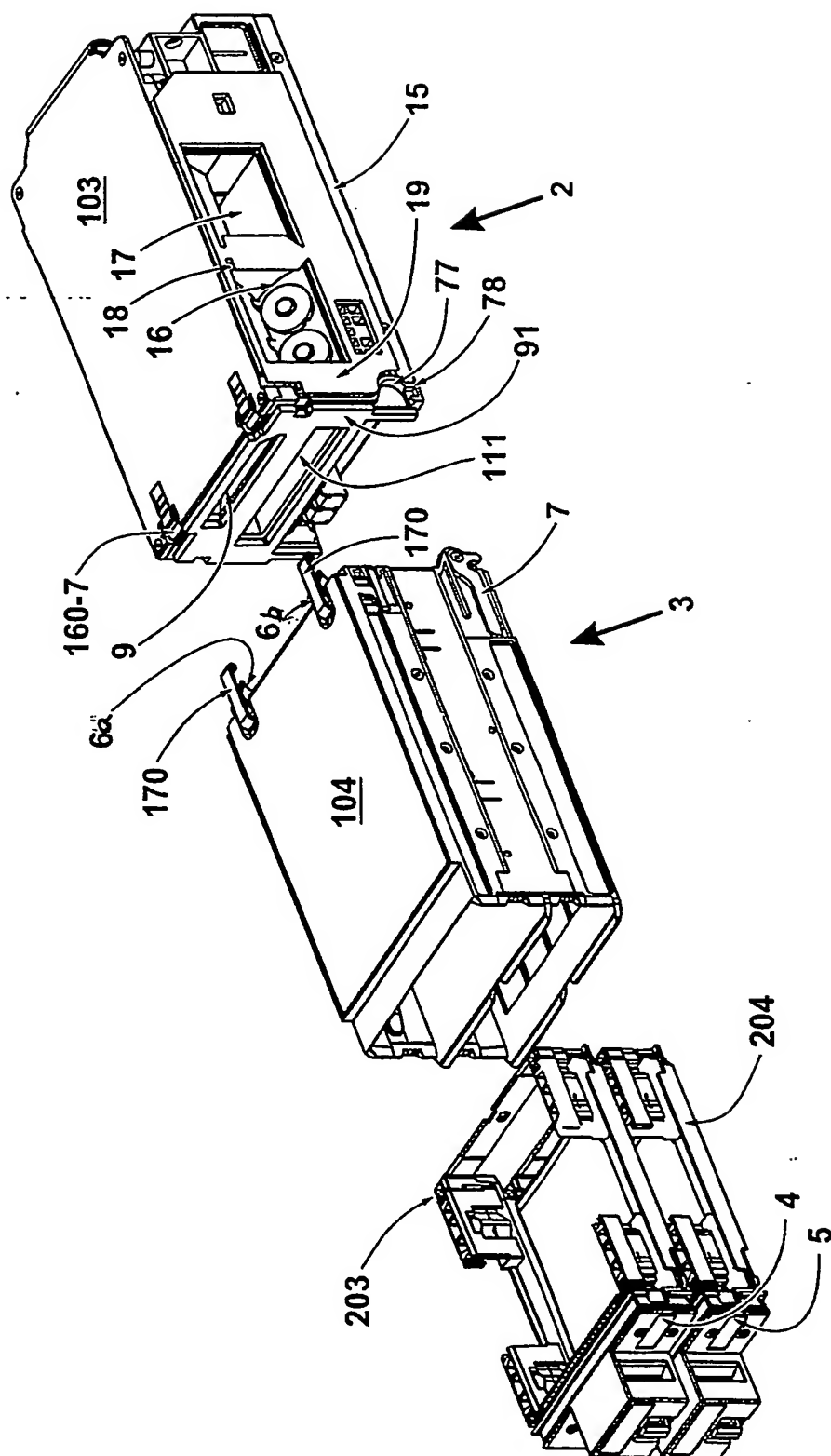


FIGURE 1



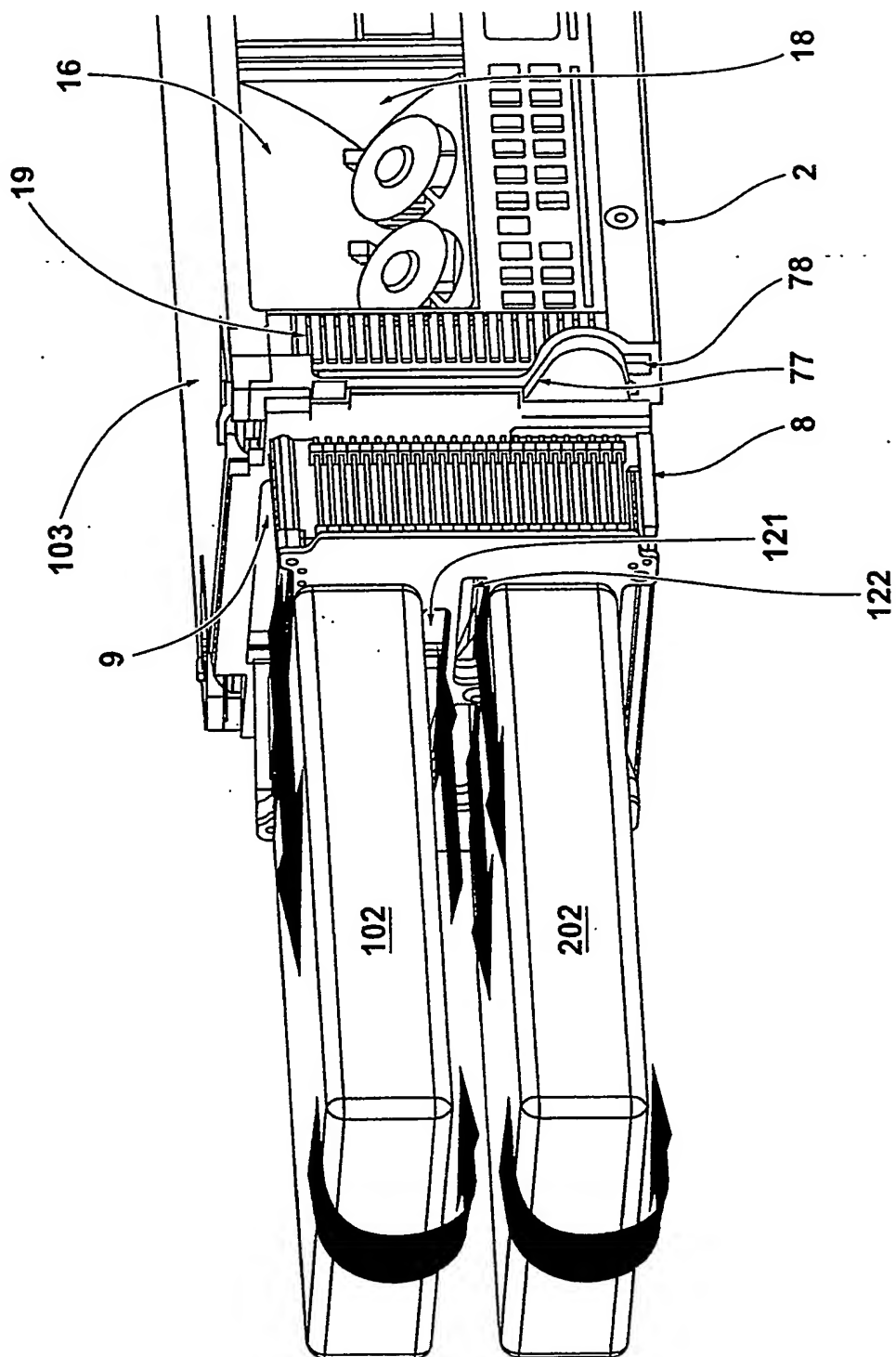


FIGURE 2

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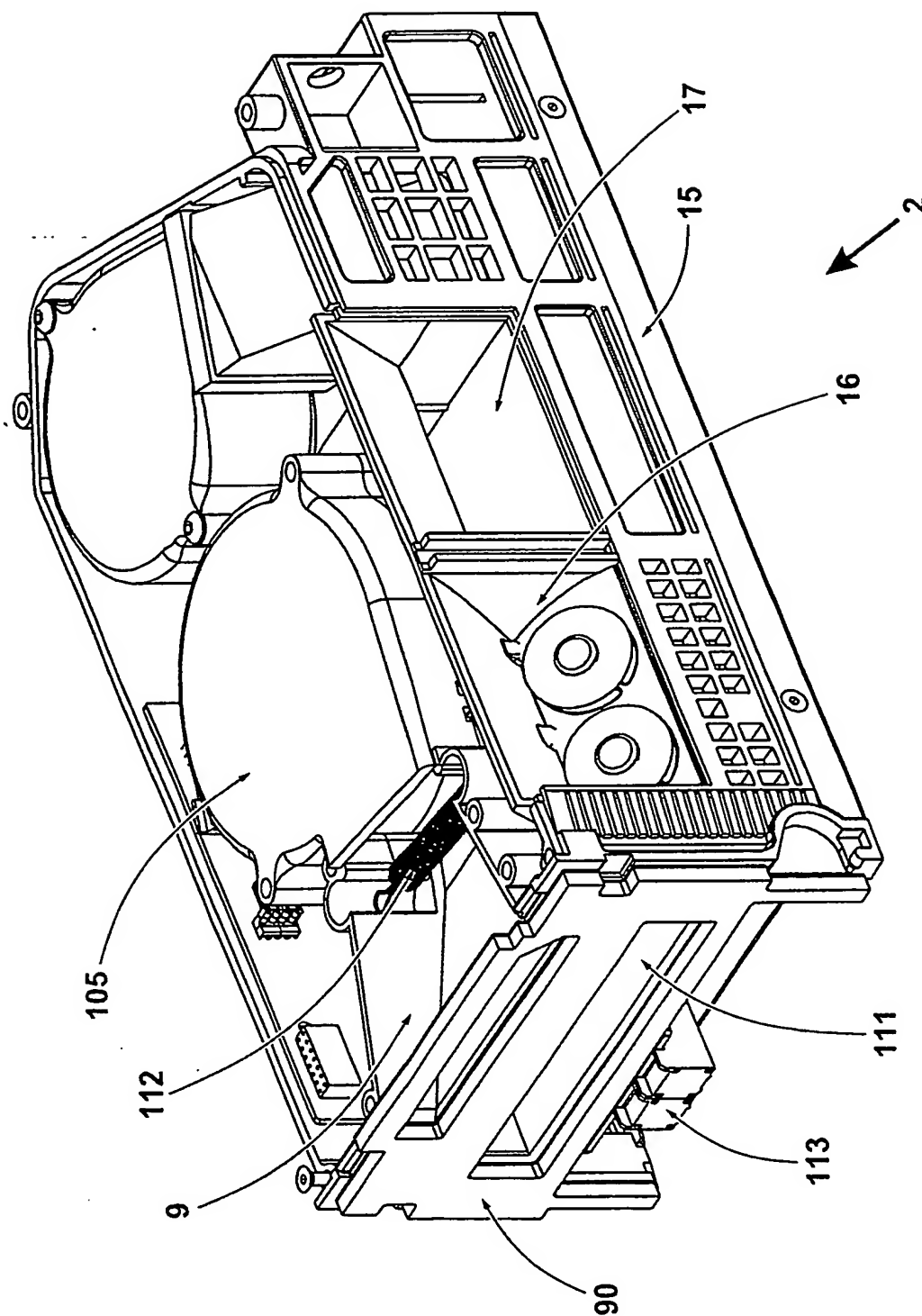


FIGURE 3

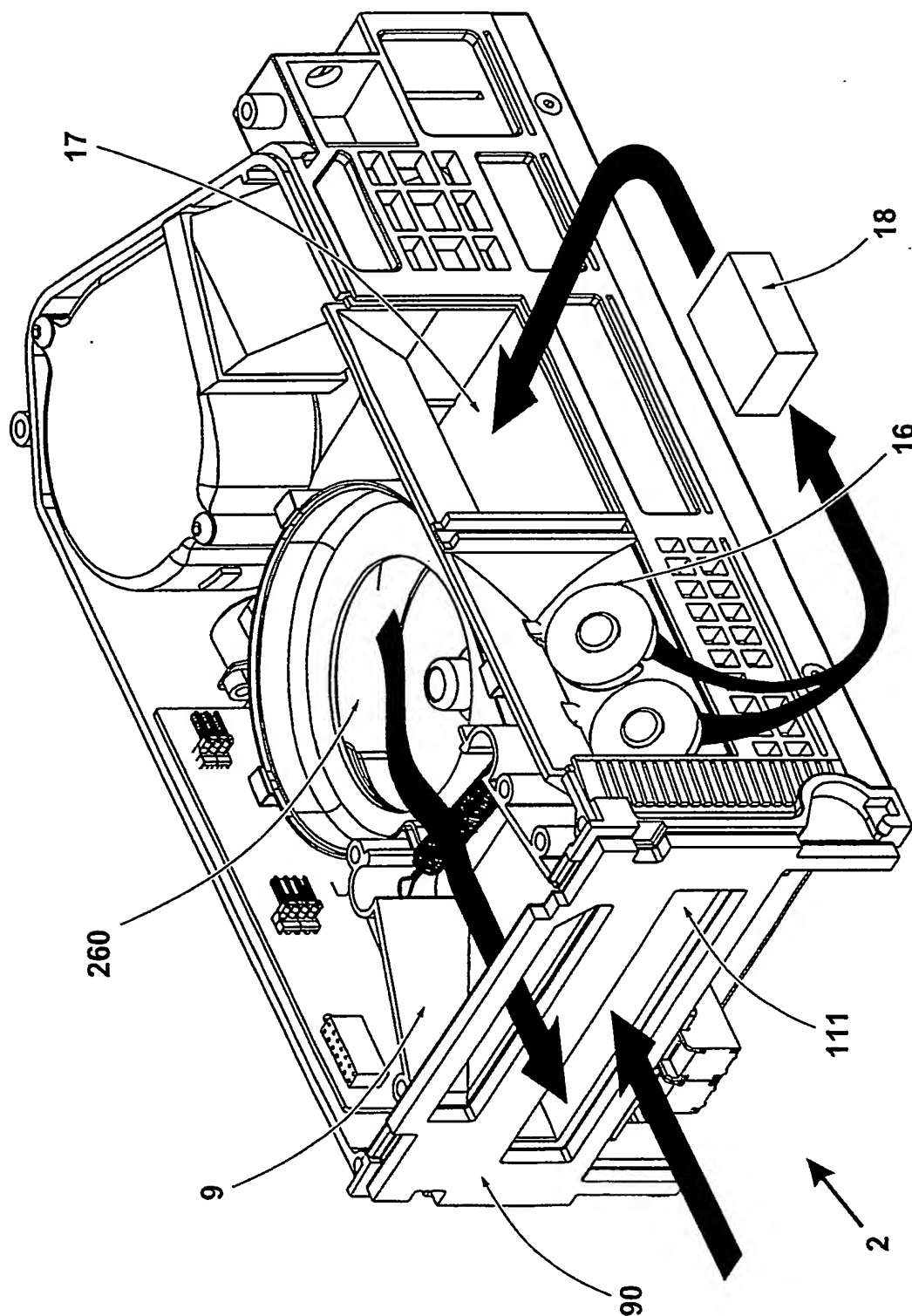


FIGURE 4

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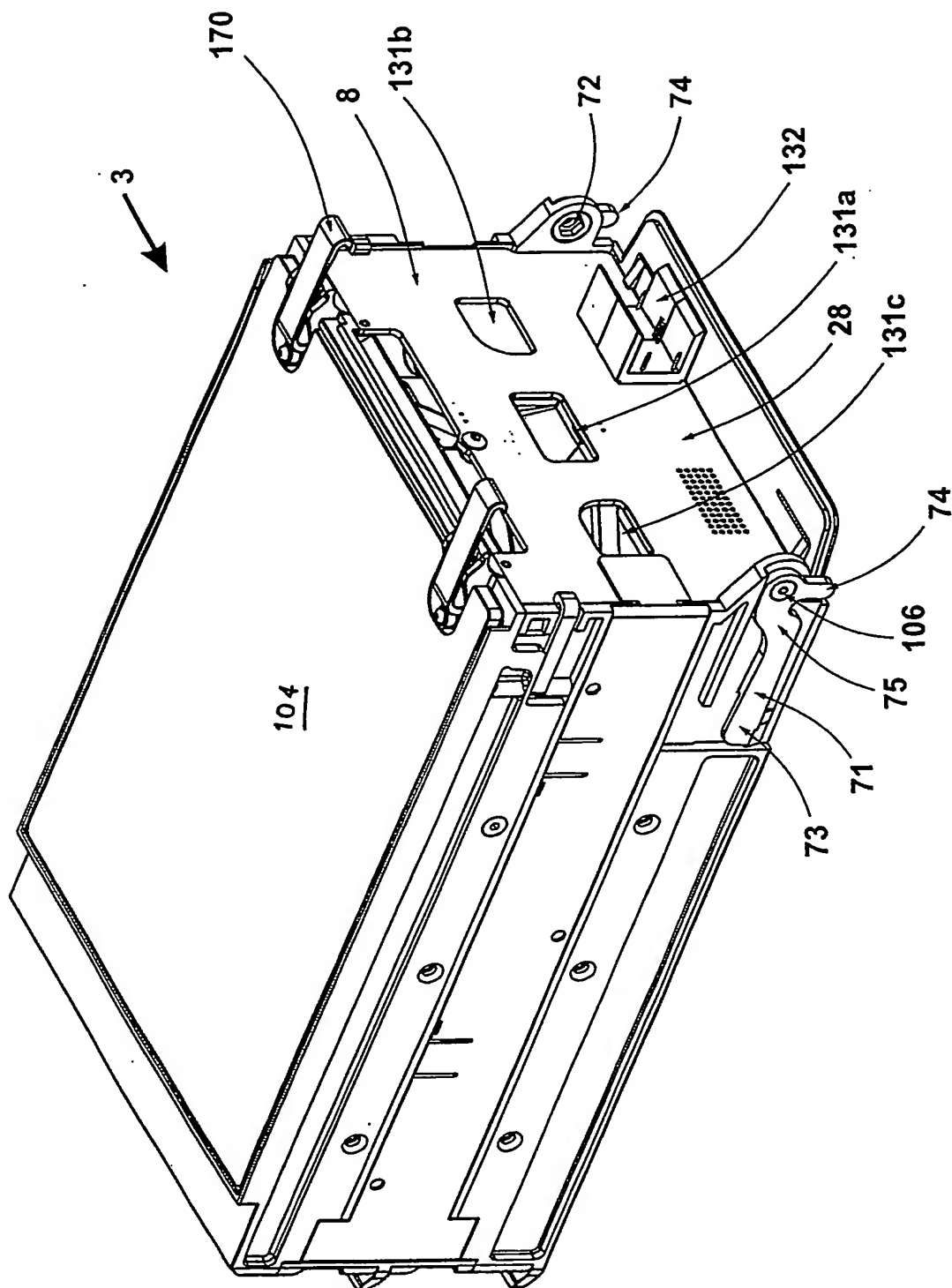


FIGURE 5

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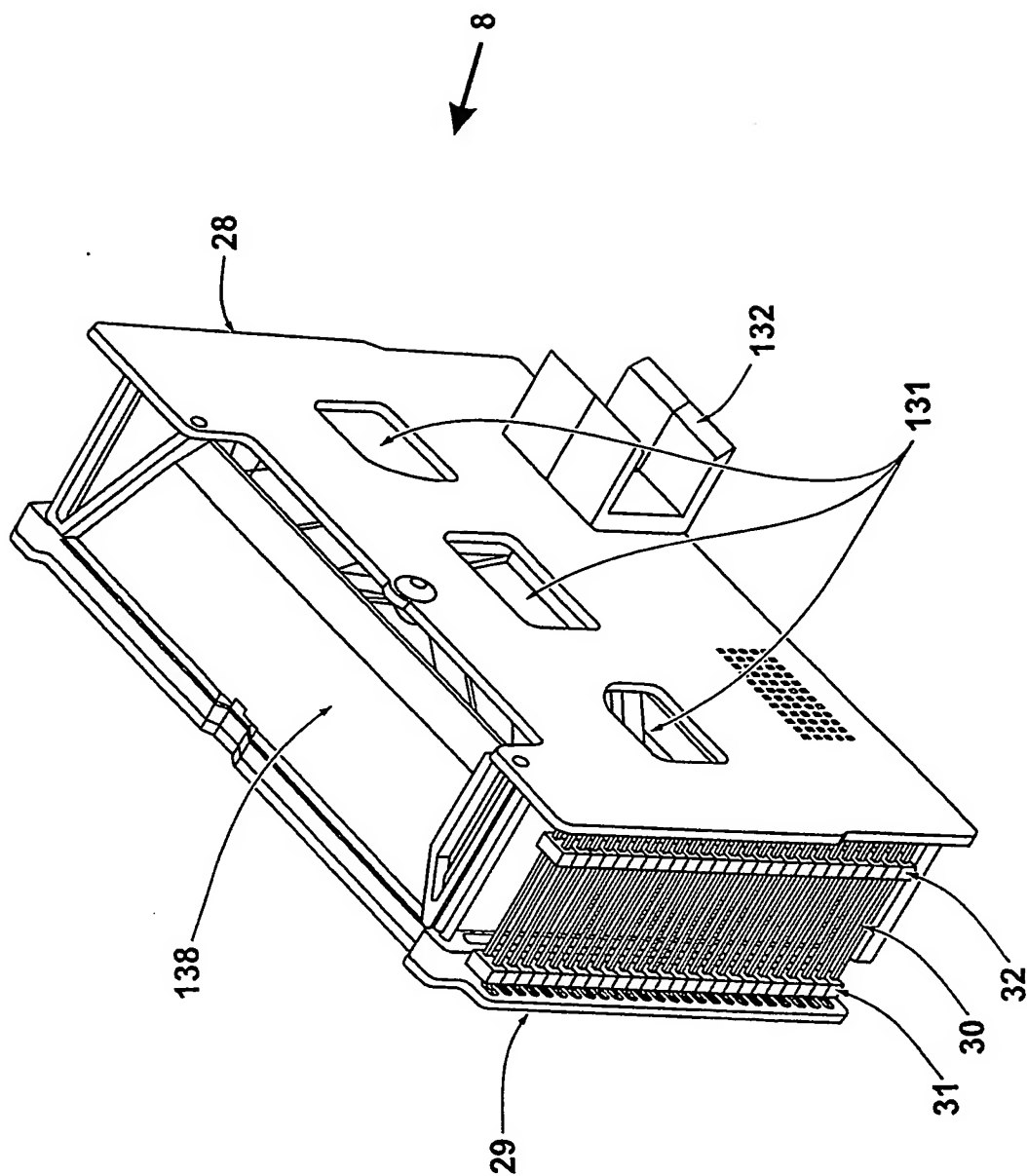
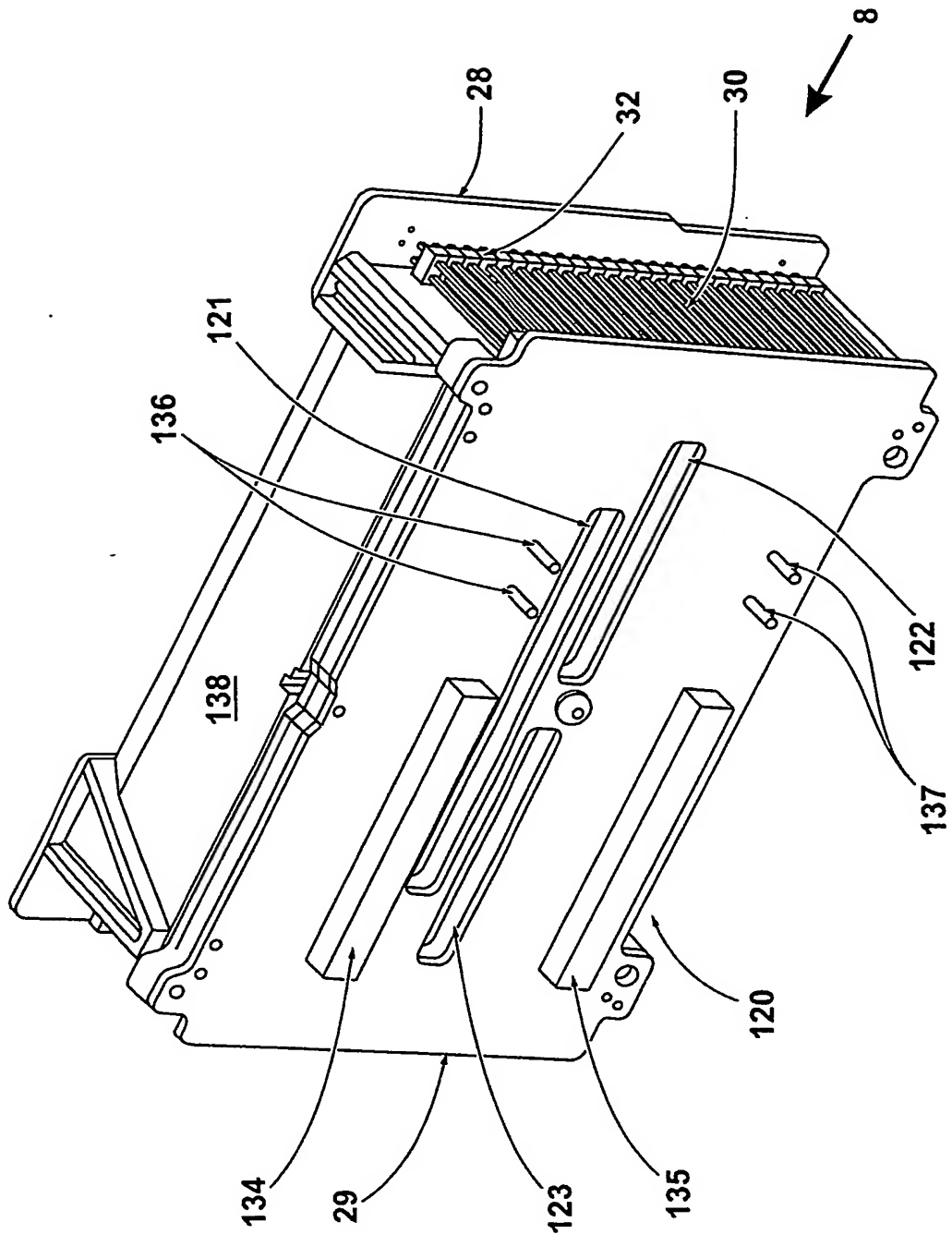


FIGURE 6



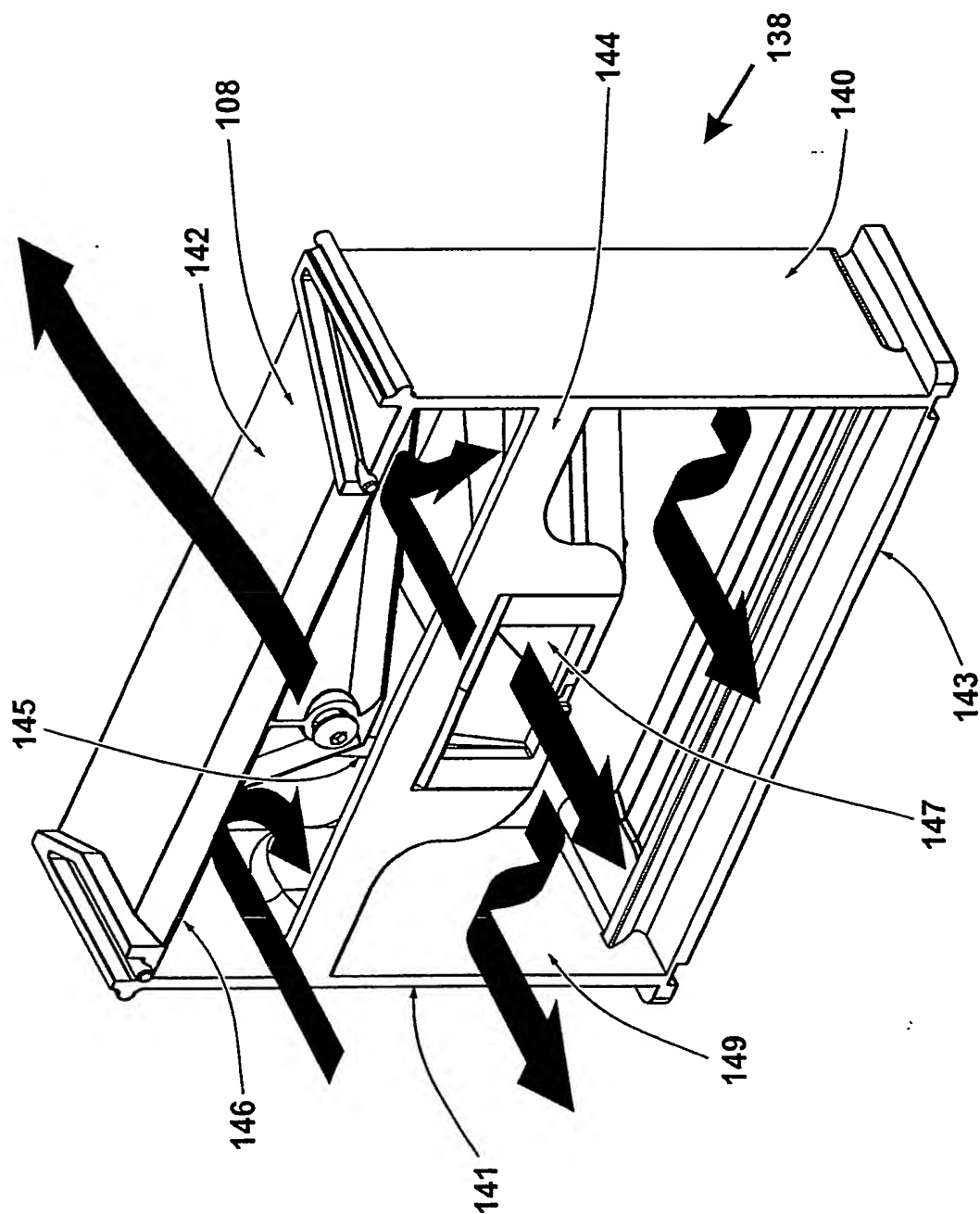
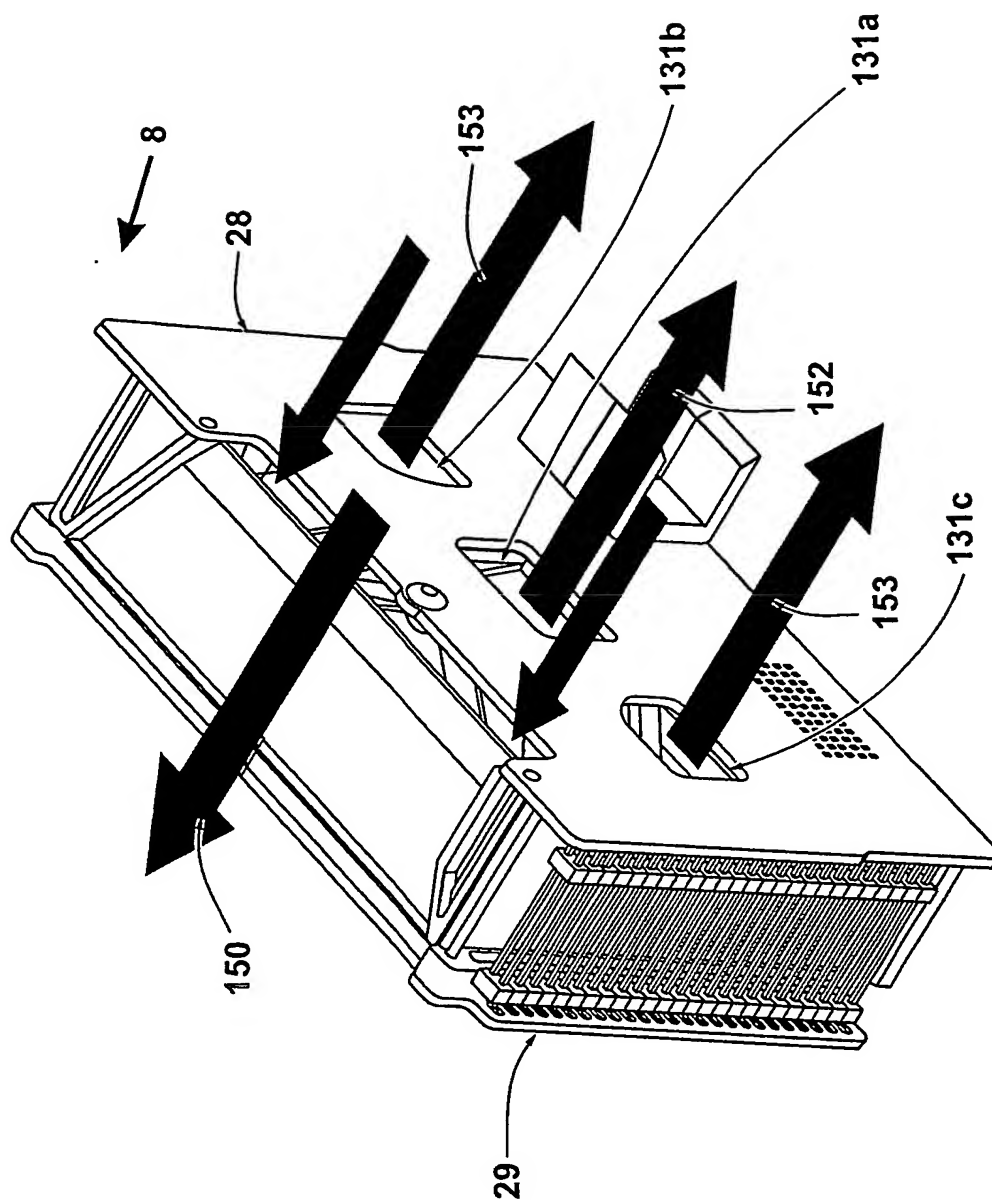
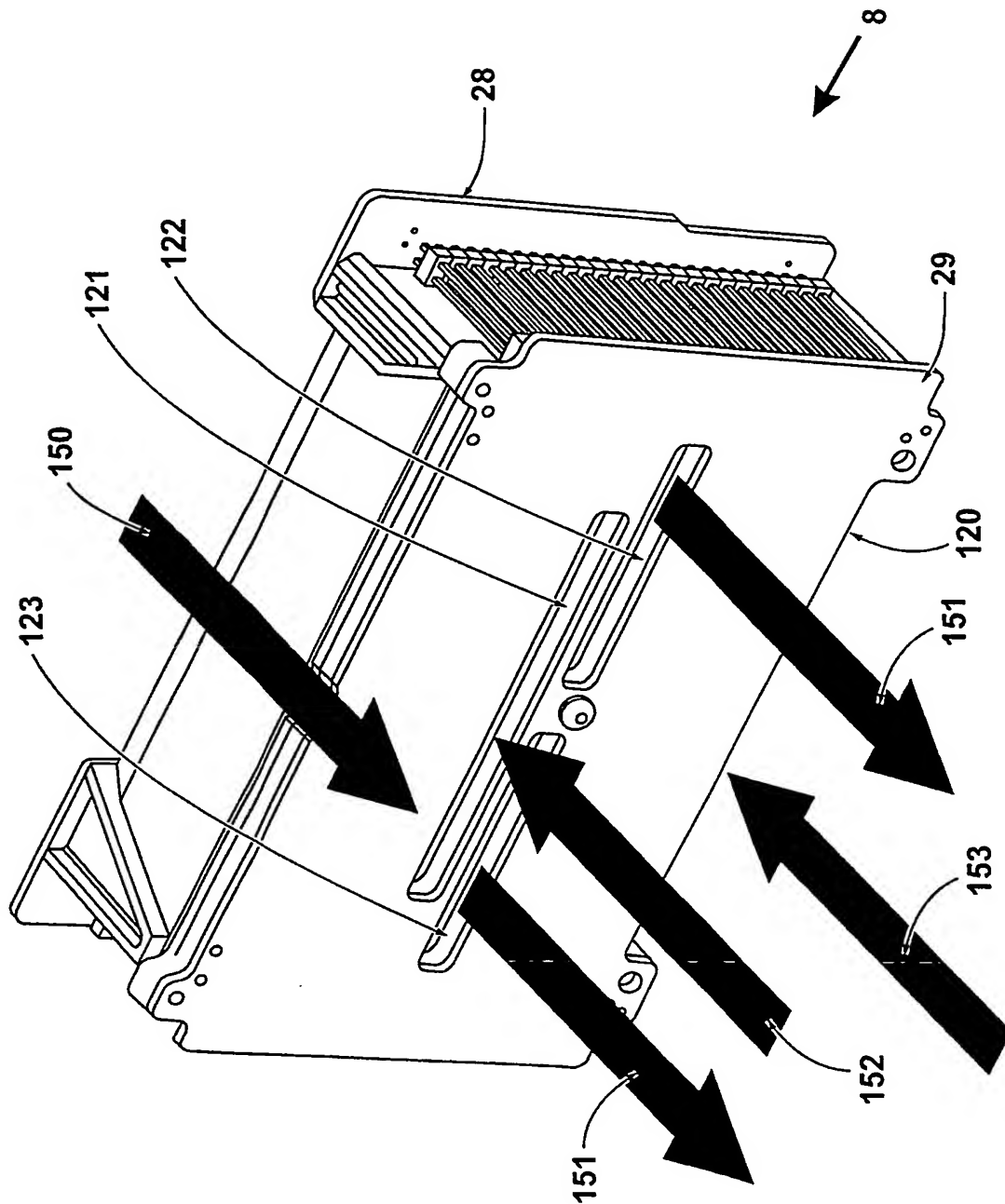


FIGURE 8



**FIGURE 9a**





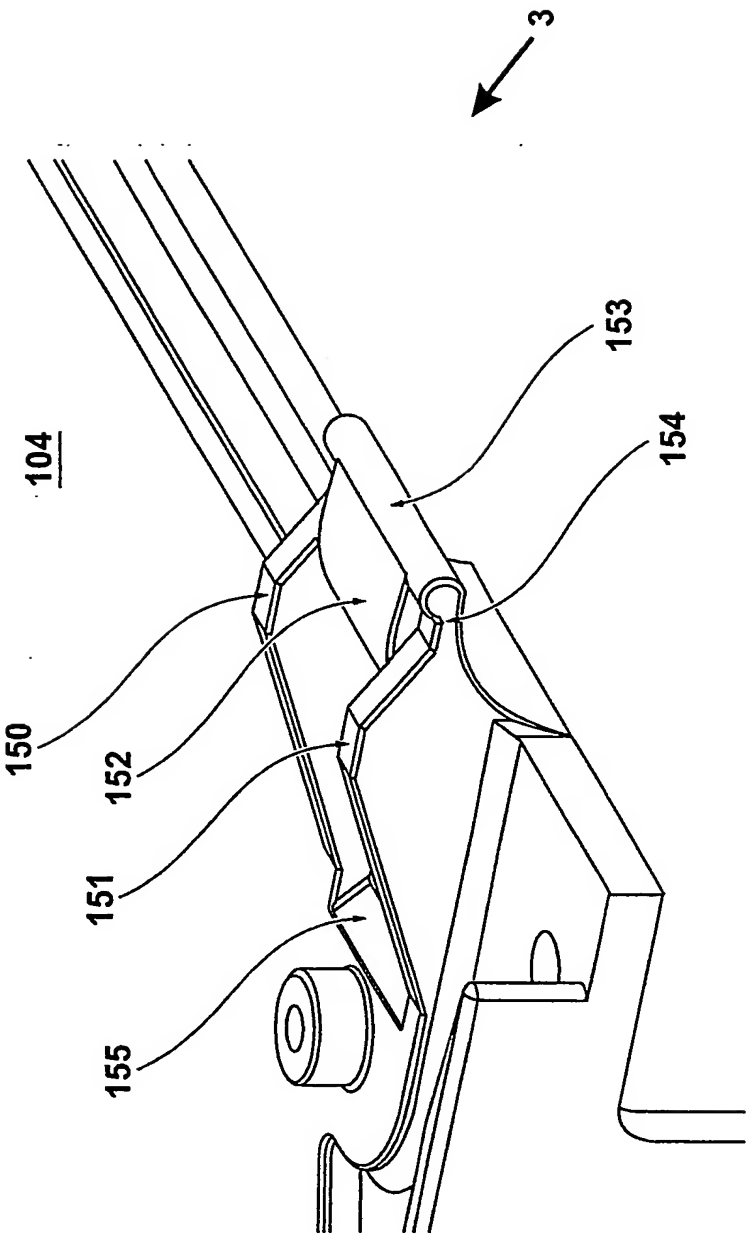


FIGURE 10

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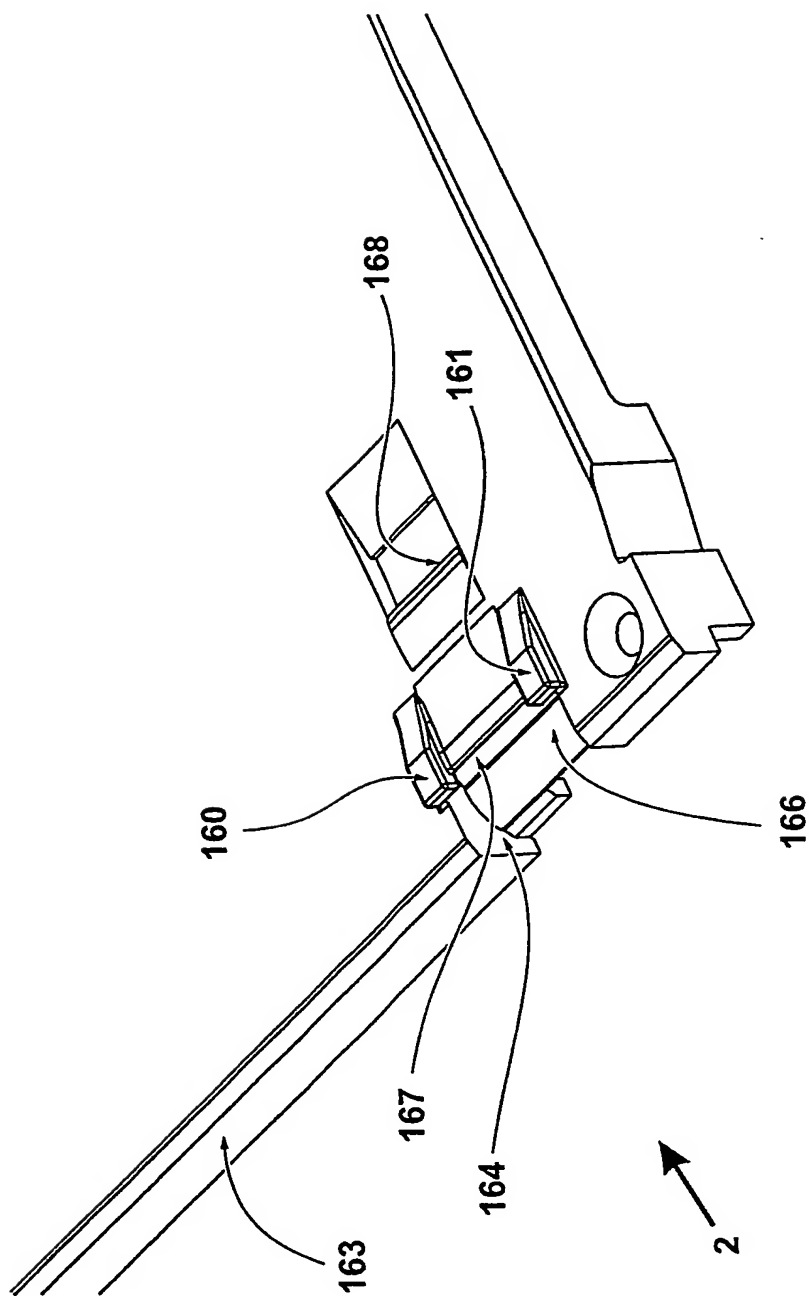


FIGURE 11

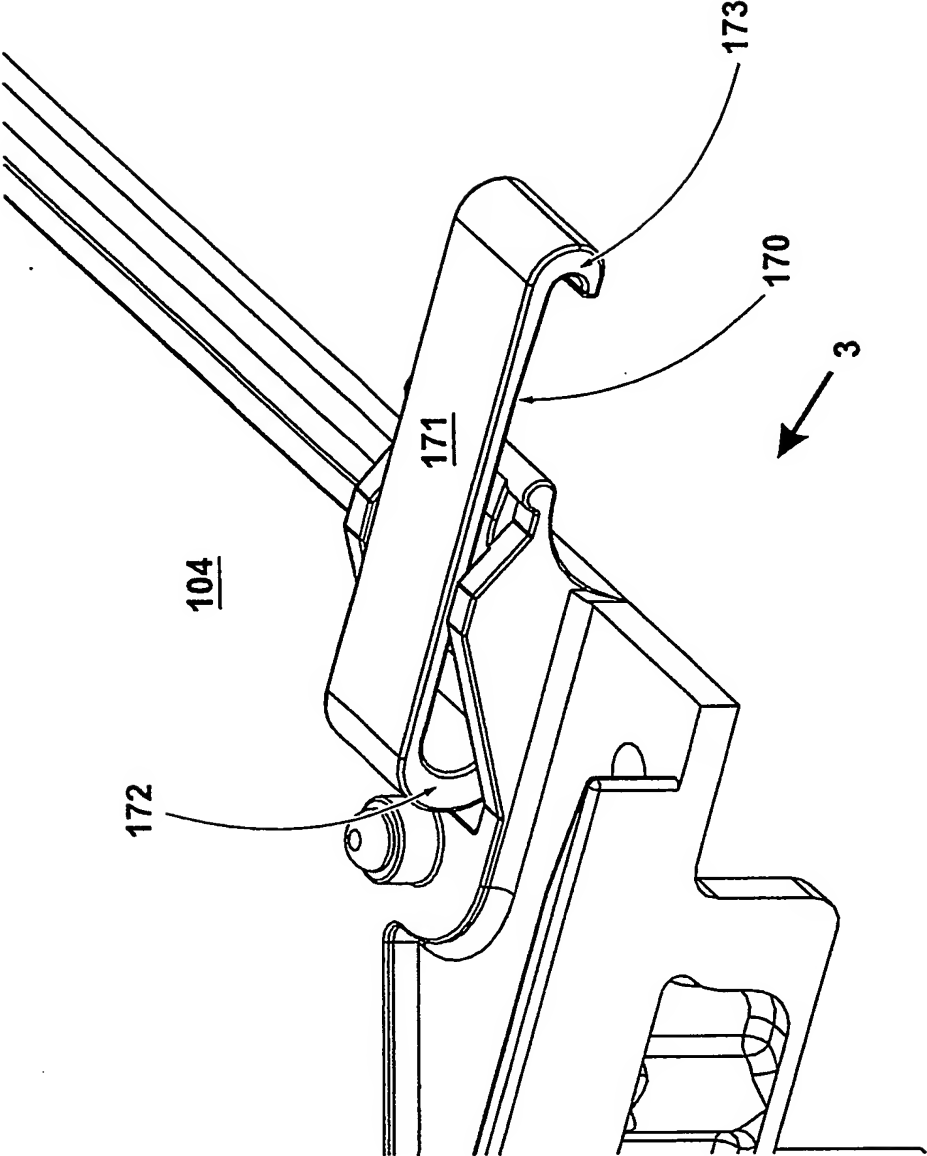


FIGURE 12

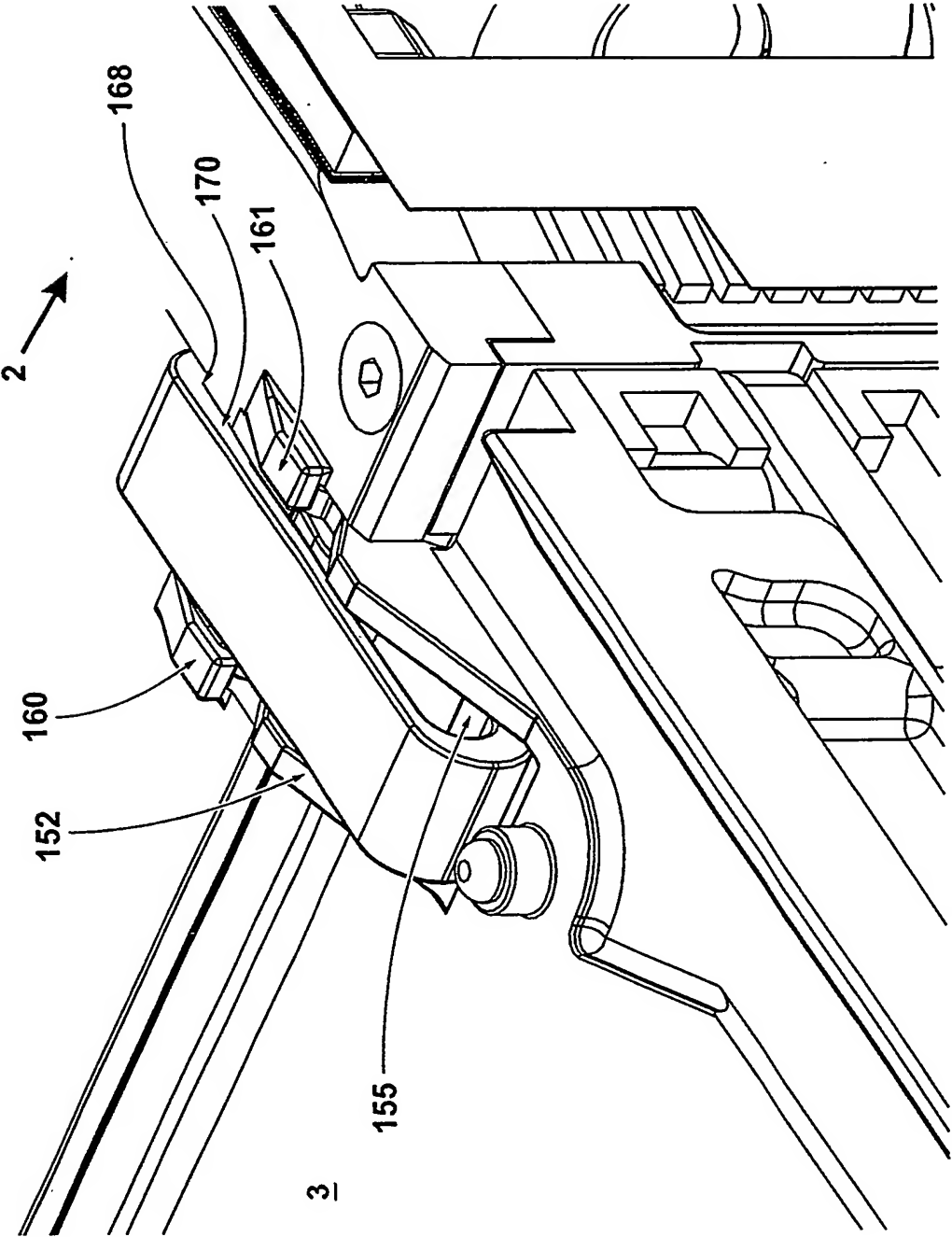


FIGURE 13

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No

PCT/GB 03/02826

**A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER**  
IPC 7 G11B33/14 G11B33/12

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 G11B B65D E05C

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

EP0-Internal

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	US 5 912 799 A (MCCORMICK MICHAEL ET AL) 15 June 1999 (1999-06-15) column 2, line 51 - column 5, line 19; figures 1-9	1,2,6,7, 9,17
A	WO 01 41148 A (MUNCASTER TIMOTHY JOHN ;SAVILLE WILLIAM ALBERT (GB); XYRATEX TECHN) 7 June 2001 (2001-06-07) the whole document	1-14, 17-25
A	EP 0 635 836 A (HITACHI LTD) 25 January 1995 (1995-01-25) column 10, line 41 - column 12, line 32; figures 6-11	1,17
	----- -/--	

☒ Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.

☒ Patent family members are listed in annex.

### \* Special categories of cited documents :

"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance

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"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)

"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means

"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed

"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention

"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone

"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.

"&" document member of the same patent family

Date of the actual completion of the international search

26 August 2003

Date of mailing of the international search report

04.12.2003

Name and mailing address of the ISA

European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  
NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk  
Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl,  
Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

Authorized officer

Sozzi, R.

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Intern. Application No  
PCT/GB 03/02826

C.(Continuation) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category *	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
A	WO 00 49487 A (GEN DYNAMICS INFORMATION SYSTE) 24 August 2000 (2000-08-24) page 7, line 18 - page 8, line 3; figures 6,7	1,17
A	US 2001/046118 A1 (ISHIKAWA TAKAMASA ET AL) 29 November 2001 (2001-11-29) figures 15-19	1
A	WO 89 01682 A (TRAGER DENNIS) 23 February 1989 (1989-02-23) abstract; figures 1-4	1,17
A	GB 2 276 275 A (IBM) 21 September 1994 (1994-09-21) abstract	1
A	US 5 127 684 A (KLOTZ ARTHUR ET AL) 7 July 1992 (1992-07-07) the whole document	1
A	US 6 236 563 B1 (MCNULTY TIMOTHY JAMES ET AL) 22 May 2001 (2001-05-22) the whole document	1

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/GB 03/02826

## Box I Observations where certain claims were found unsearchable (Continuation of item 1 of first sheet)

This International Search Report has not been established in respect of certain claims under Article 17(2)(a) for the following reasons:

1. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to subject matter not required to be searched by this Authority, namely:
2. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they relate to parts of the International Application that do not comply with the prescribed requirements to such an extent that no meaningful International Search can be carried out, specifically:
3. ☐ Claims Nos.:  
because they are dependent claims and are not drafted in accordance with the second and third sentences of Rule 6.4(a).

## Box II Observations where unity of invention is lacking (Continuation of item 2 of first sheet)

This International Searching Authority found multiple inventions in this International application, as follows:

see additional sheet

1. ☐ As all required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers all searchable claims.
2. ☐ As all searchable claims could be searched without effort justifying an additional fee, this Authority did not invite payment of any additional fee.
3. ☐ As only some of the required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant, this International Search Report covers only those claims for which fees were paid, specifically claims Nos.:
4. ☒ No required additional search fees were timely paid by the applicant. Consequently, this International Search Report is restricted to the invention first mentioned in the claims; it is covered by claims Nos.:

1-14, 17-25

Remark on Protest

- ☐ The additional search fees were accompanied by the applicant's protest.
- ☐ No protest accompanied the payment of additional search fees.



FURTHER INFORMATION CONTINUED FROM PCT/ISA/ 210

This International Searching Authority found multiple (groups of) inventions in this international application, as follows:

1. claims: 1-14, 17-25

Disc drive testing apparatus comprising:

- a carrier module for a disc drive unit,
- temperature control module,
  - a connection device for releasably fastening the carrier module to the temperature control module.

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2. claims: 15,16

A releasable fastener for fastening together a first and second member.

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# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

International Application No

PCT/GB 03/02826

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